

# **Beam Loss Monitor Upgrade**

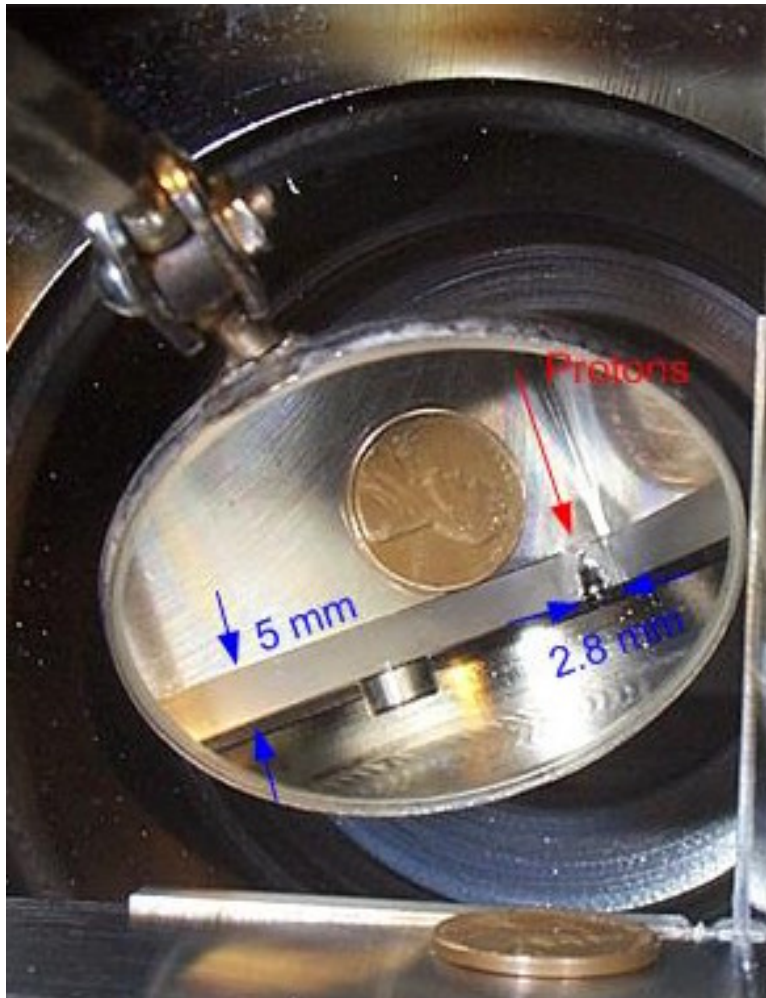
**J. Lewis**

**All Experimenters' Meeting**

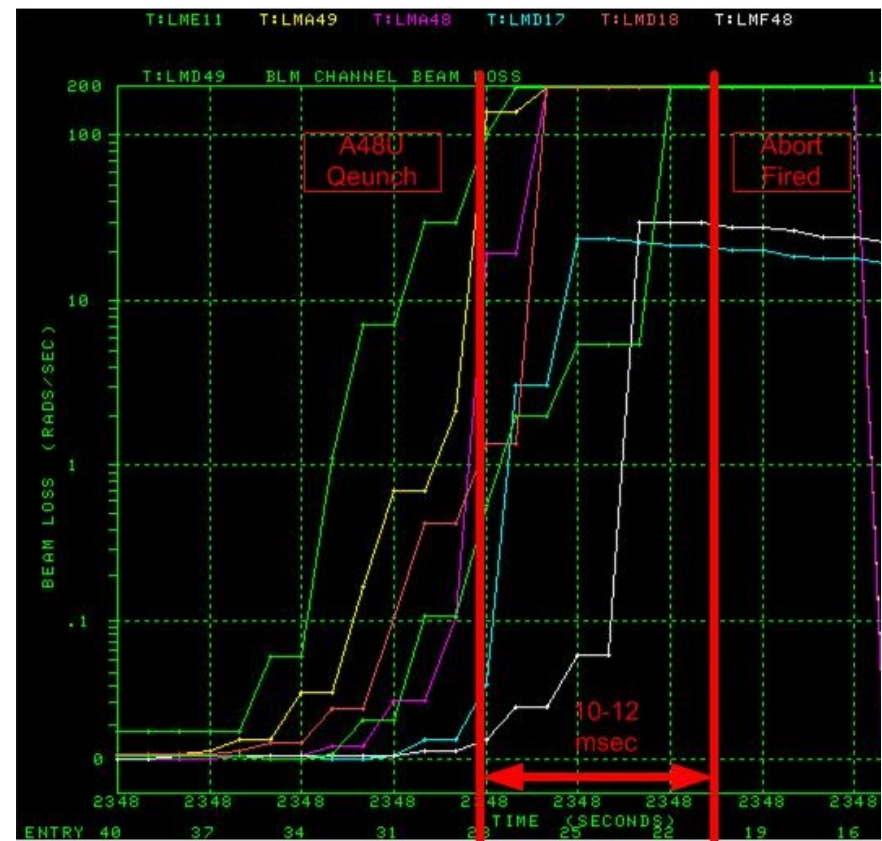
**2 May 2005**

# Motivation

- Don't do this again.



## Loss profile: Tokyo-pot 16-house quench



# Response: Abort Upgrade

- **New Loss Monitor electronics**
  - Abort logic designed for collider operations
  - Improved diagnostic capabilities
- **Improvements to QPM**
  - Faster response
  - Running many months
  - Ask the Tevatron guys for details

# Further Motivation

- **Scope broadened to improve high-intensity proton operations**
- **Tevatron**
  - **Protect magnets from beam-induced quenches**
  - **Legacy system is not sufficiently flexible to use during complex operations cycle**
    - Designed for fast-cycle fixed-target operations
- **Main Injector**
  - **Greater diagnostic capability needed for high-intensity operation**
    - Limit activation of accelerator components
    - Intensity 5x greater with NUMI operation
    - Maximize proton flux
- **Booster**
  - **Improved diagnostics**
    - Limit activation
    - Maximize flux

# Existing System Characteristics and Limitations

- **Signal properties**
  - Good resolution and dynamic range
  - Fast leading edge response, slow discharge
- **Tevatron Aborts**
  - Fast: ~ 50-100  $\mu$ s
  - Fires on single channel over threshold
  - Minimal compatibility with multiple machine configurations
    - Two abort levels, high and low field
    - Abort disabled when antiprotons are in the machine
- **Read out**
  - Updates slowly: ~ 3 ms period
  - Fast access to one channel per chassis
    - 24 signals multiplexed in MI
- **Difficult to enhance and maintain**
  - 23 years old
  - Read out via Multibus(!) with obsolete software

# Requirements for New System

- **Robustness: No false aborts**
- **Reliability: No missed aborts**
- **Respond to changing machine configurations**
- **Access to data from all channels**
- **Maintain resolution**
  - System designed around low-noise integrator
- **Large dynamic range**
  - 0.02 Rad/s in 1 ms to 100 Rad in a single turn
- **Good time resolution and depth**
  - Multiple integration periods, each with >4k sample history
- **Include experiments in Tevatron BLM system**
  - Two Camac crates with special electronics hard to maintain

# System Overview

- **Integrate BLM current and digitize every  $\sim 20 \mu\text{s}$** 
  - Tevatron turn frequency or MI frequency  $\div 2$
- **Form three running sums for additional integration periods**
  - Programmable time constants
    - Example: 1ms, 50ms, 1s
  - Maintain history of  $>4000$  cycles for each period
    - Also 8k injection turn-by-turn
  - Also record integrated loss through each MI cycle
- **One abort threshold per integration period for each channel**
- **Abort requirements changed in response to machine states**
  - Thresholds, masks, multiplicities
- **Safe operation**
  - Isolated from VME and Ethernet
    - Embedded microprocessor
    - Custom local bus on J2

# Components

- **Digitizer Card**

- 4 integrator channels
  - Deadtimeless operation
- Form running sums
- Compare to thresholds
- Raw data buffers
- Max 15 per crate

- **Timing Card**

- Provides synchronous clock
- Keeps time buffers
- Decodes machine clock events

- **High Voltage Card**

- Power up to 60 channels

- **Control Card**

- Keeps diagnostic data
  - Running sum data
- Updates abort requirements on state changes

- **Abort Card**

- Reads abort data from Digitizers
- Compares to mask and multiplicity requirement

- **Crate**

- Wiener 6U VME chassis
- Low-noise power supply
- Custom J2 backplane



# Status

- **Digitizer**
  - Extensive standalone testing of prototype
  - Updating design to extend functionality
- **Timing Card**
  - Testing prototype
- **Crate**
  - All received.
- **Abort and HV Cards**
  - Design nearly complete
- **Controller**
  - Firmware working in simulation
  - Card schematic done

# Personnel

- **Alan Baumbaugh (PPD/EED)**
  - System design, Control card software
- **Kelly Knickerbocker (PPD/EED)**
  - Timing card, infrastructure
- **Craig Drennan (AD/BS)**
  - Digitizer
- **Marvin Olson (AD/ID)**
  - System support
- **Cecil Needles (PPD/EED)**
  - Digitizer Firmware
- **Mike Utes (PPD/EED)**
  - Abort Card
- **Jonathan Lewis (PPD/CDF)**
  - Management
- **Stephen Pordes ~~(AD/ID)~~<sup>PPD</sup>**
  - Wisdom and advice (solicited or otherwise)
- **Randy Keup (AD/ID)**
  - Applications programs
- **Brian Fellenz (AD)**
  - HV card
- **Jin-Yuan Wu (PPD/EED)**
  - Control Card
- **Charlie Briegel, Brian Hendricks (AD/Controls)**

# Schedule

- **Beam tests starting soon**
  - **Can do extensive testing with VME readout before Controller complete**
    - Pre-production Digitizer, Controller and Abort card added in June
  - **Duplicate BLMs to compare to legacy system**
    - Tevatron: 6 at E1
    - Main Injector: 2 at MI60
  - **Develop and test software**
  - **Get operational experience**
- **July 2005: Preproduction test**
- **Install crates when old BPM electronics removed**
  - **Get host CPUs running ASAP**

# Installation Schedule

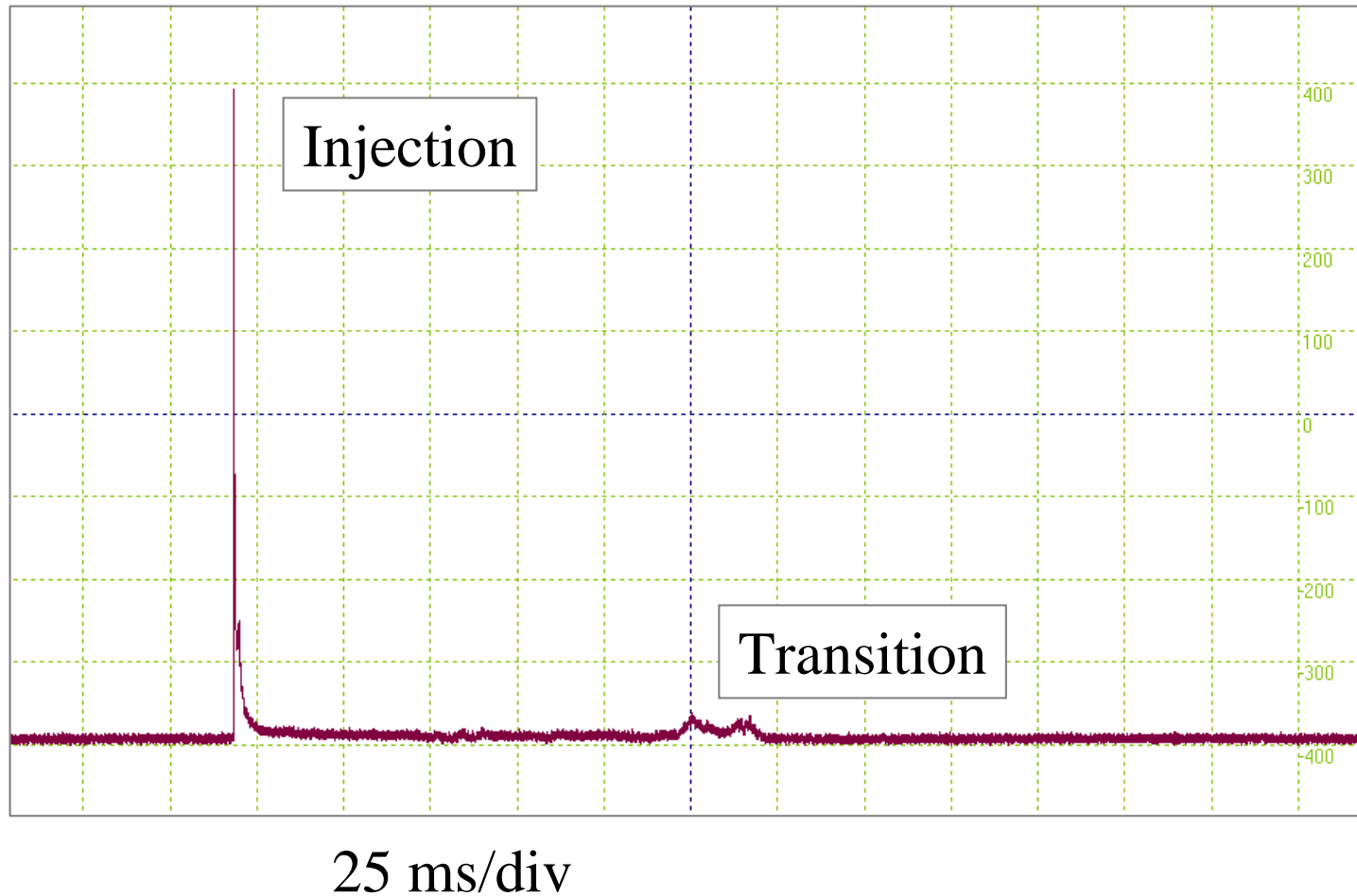
- **Modules available to install in November**
  - **Tevatron and MI**
- **Can install new system without removing old**
  - **Easy cabling changeover**
- **Can establish operations with small fraction of channels then move balance of cables**

# Experience

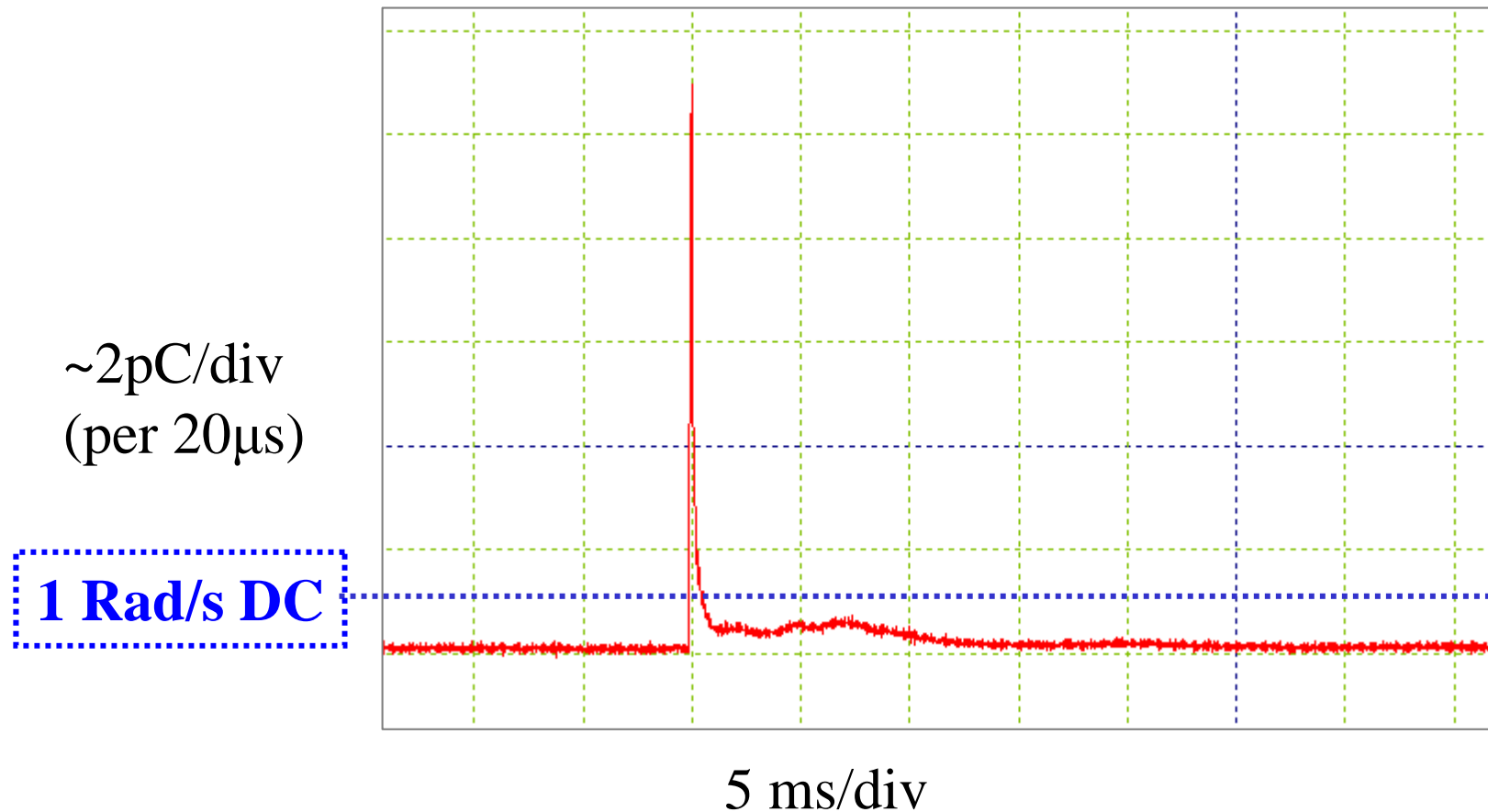
- **Studies with 2-channel digitizer test card**
- **Understand signals and noise**
  - Selected sites in Tevatron, MI and Booster
- **Check calibration for Tevatron**
  - Old system:  $50\text{nA} \leftrightarrow 0.84 \text{ Rad/s}$  ( $1 \text{ Rad} \leftrightarrow 60\text{nC}$ )
  - New system:  $50\text{nA} \leftrightarrow 56 \text{ counts}$  ( $20\mu\text{s}$  bins)
- **Explored noise suppression**
  - Wide channel-to-channel variation
  - Filters
    - Chokes for common mode
    - Resistor to increase effective integration time
  - Running sums

# MI: LM402G full cycle

$\sim 0.2\text{pC/div}$   
(per  $20\mu\text{s}$ )



# Tevatron: LMF0DT

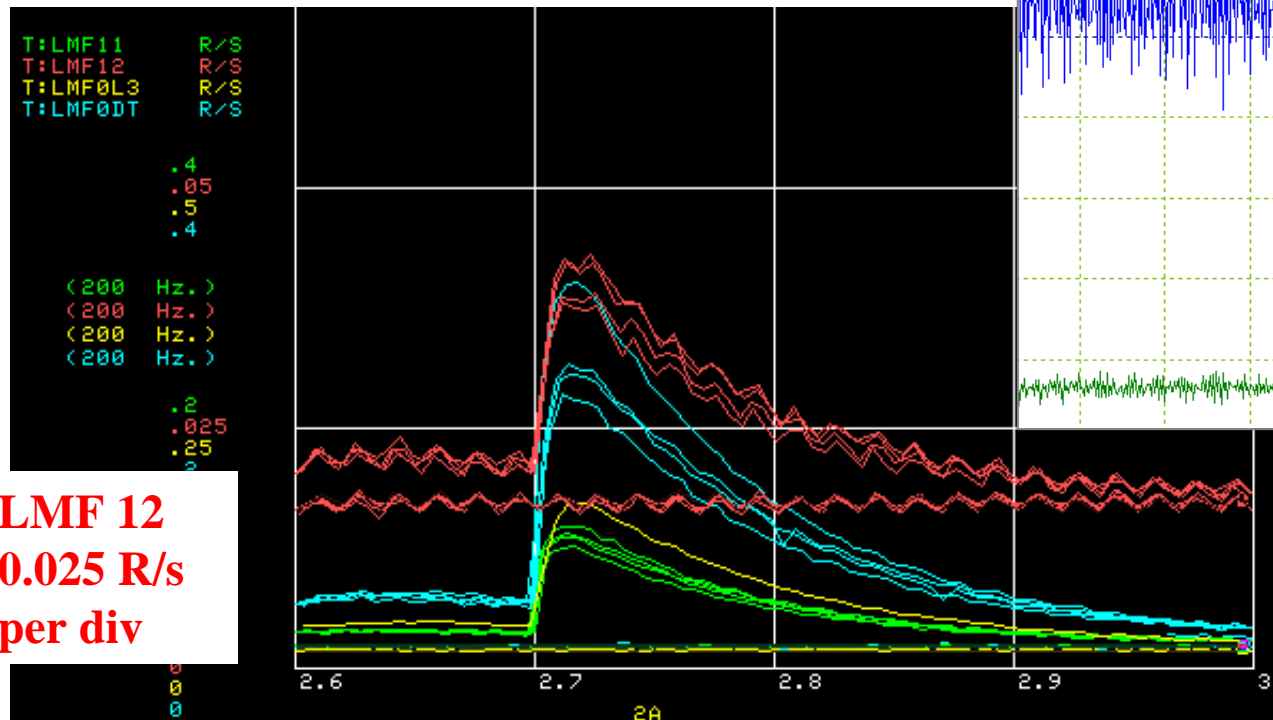


**Proton Injection Loss During Shot Setup 8/22/04**

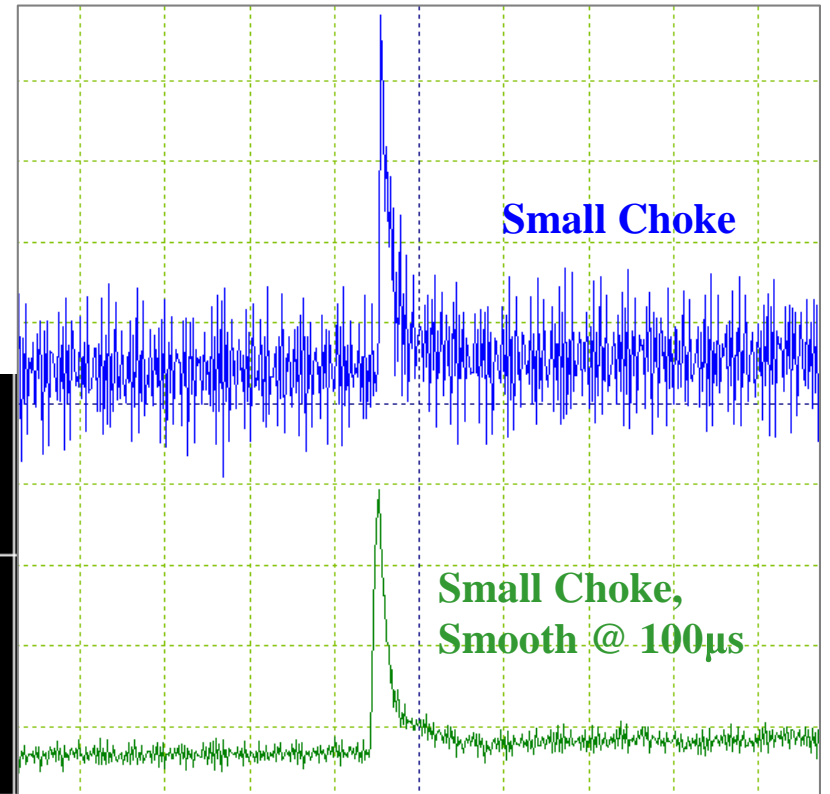
# LMF12: Old and New

Losses in F-sector from  
120 GeV beamline  
during stacking

$\sim 0.2 \text{ pC/div}$   
(per  $20 \mu\text{s}$ )



100 ms/div



1 ms/div



# Conclusions

- **In past year, we have completed most of the design work for a new BLM readout system**
- **Improved diagnostics will improve accelerator performance**
- **Greater flexibility will enable better protection of equipment**
- **Expected to be online February 2006**

# Backup Slides

# Custom Digitizer Card

- **4 Loss Monitor Channels**
  - **Dual Charge Integrator (Burr Brown ACF2101)**
    - Alternately integrating or being readout and reset
    - Provides continuous measurement
    - 50 kHz maximum sample rate
- **FPGA**
  - Controls integrators
  - Reads ADCs
  - Stores readings (raw measurements)
  - Forms three running sums
  - Compares readings and sums to programmed thresholds
    - Results sent to Abort Card
- **Raw data buffers**
  - Running circular buffer
  - Triggered buffer for turn-by-turn studies
- **Maximum 15 cards per crate**

# Other Modules

- **Timing Card**

- **Provides synchronous integration clock to digitizers**
  - External input Clock reference or internal oscillator
  - Can also be divided (e.g.  $AA \div 2$  for MI)
- **Time stamp buffer in sync with the digitizers' raw data buffers**
- **Decoder to receive clock events**

- **Abort Card**

- **Receives abort info from the digitizer cards, compares against abort masks and multiplicities and makes the abort signals**
- **One abort input for each time-range from each channel**
- **Separate decisions for each time-range**
  - Independent masks and multiplicity thresholds
- **Aborts are formed in < 20 microseconds**
- **Also transmits abort data on ring-wide serial link**

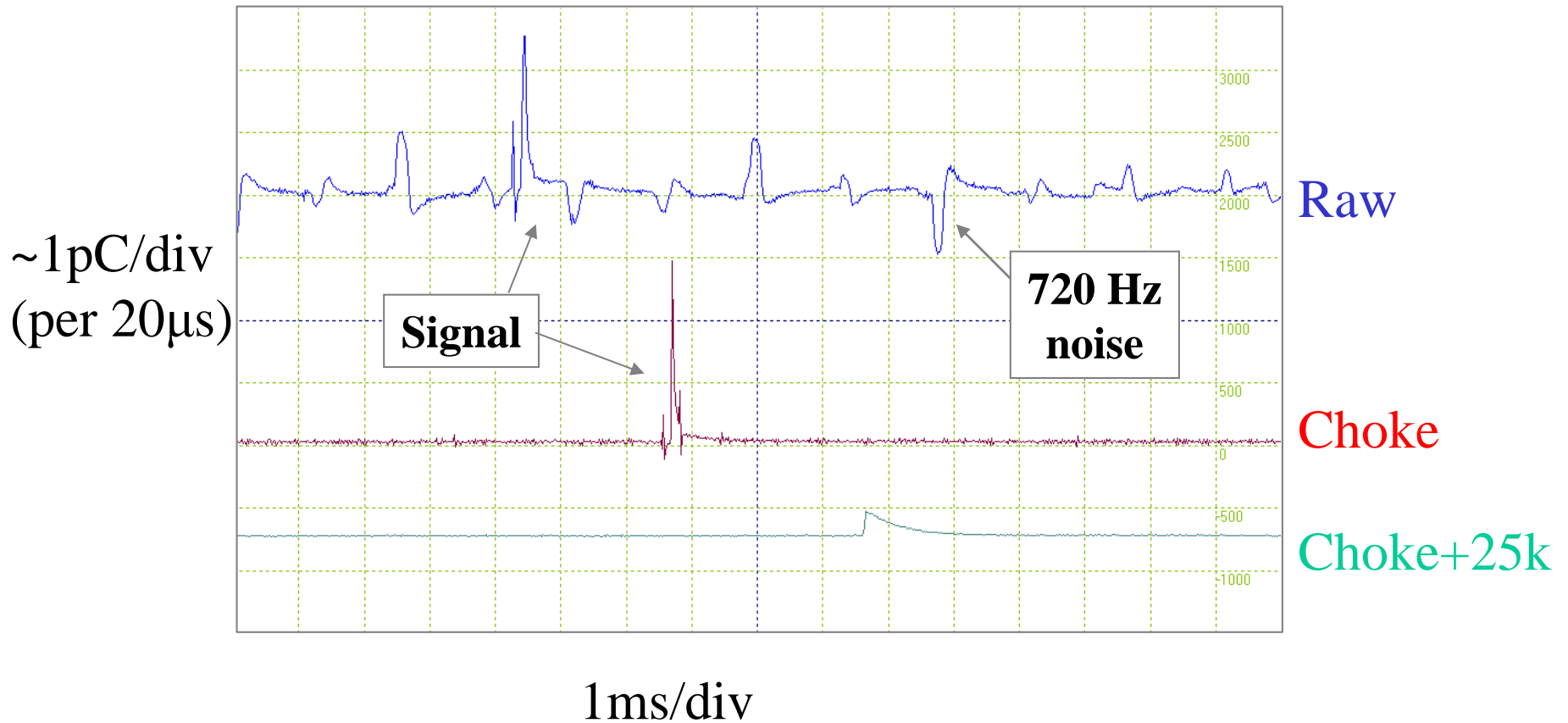
## Other Modules, 2

- **Controller Card**
  - **Communicates with other cards on control bus**
    - Bus master
  - **Isolates Abort functions from outside world**
    - FPGA VME slave and control-bus eZ80 access shared memory
      - Stores loss data buffers for running sums and provides to VME
      - Stores BLM thresholds and abort requirements for each machine state
    - Loads parameters into digitizer and abort concentrator cards based on machine state
- **Front-end CPU**
  - **Motorola MVME 2xxx for communication with ACNET**
- **High Voltage Card**
- **Wiener VME Chassis with low-noise power supply**

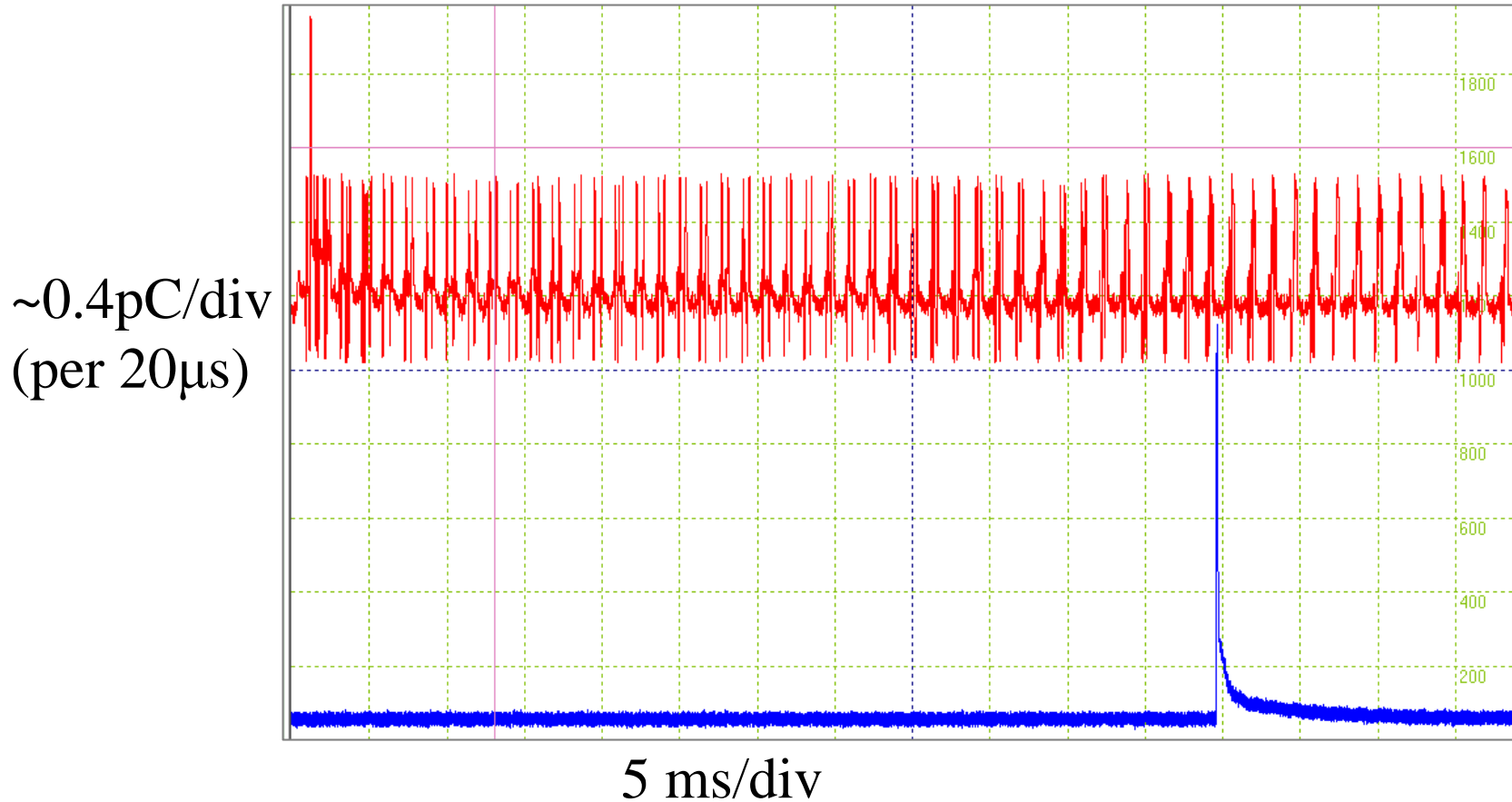
# Proposed Machine States

- **Tevatron Operation**
  - Proton Studies (i.e. uncoalesced batch at 150)
  - Proton Injection
  - Activate Separators
  - Pbar Injection
  - Ramp
  - Squeeze
  - Scraping
  - HEP
- **F Sector (change mask)**
  - P2 Beam
  - P2 & P3 Beam
  - F-Sector Restore
- **Experiments**
  - CDF Silicon Biased
  - CDF Silicon Off
  - D0 Silicon Biased
  - D0 Silicon Off

# Booster: LM23



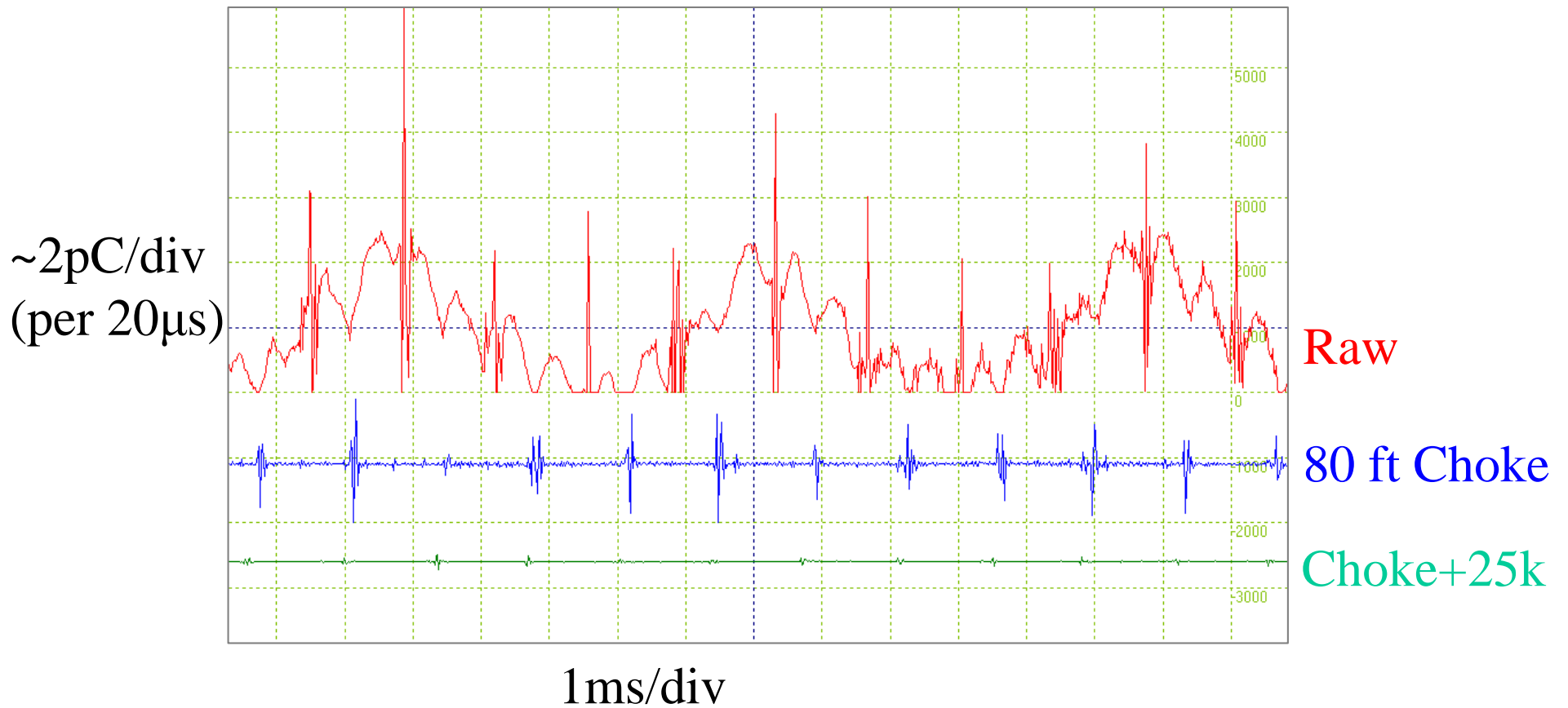
# MI: LM402G



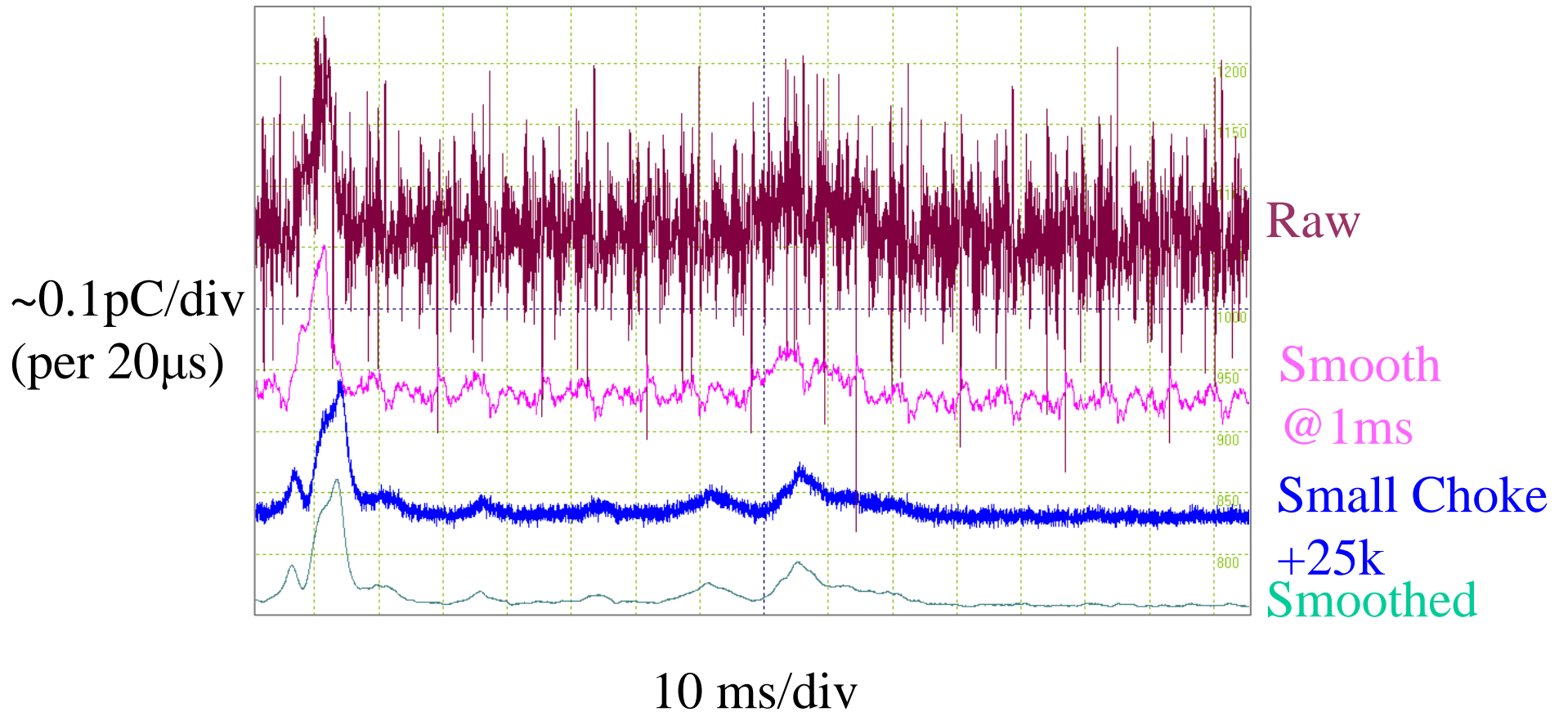
- Large common-mode rejection from small choke
- Injection loss shows up cleanly



# Worst Case Noise: LM322



# Smoothing: LM522F



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